Technology Planning

The Basics

- Due every 2 years, same year as accreditation application on odd numbered years (2023, 2025, etc.)
- Must submit draft for review prior to board signature on final draft
- Plans are valid for two years once approved
- All plans filed in repository. See SWKLS Wiki page(s) for details.
- https://wiki.swkls.org/index.php?title=Category:Technology_Planning

Six Components of the Technology Plan

- Vision Statement
- Clear goals and objectives, and a realistic strategy for using information technology and telecommunications provide library services.
- A **professional development** strategy to ensure that members of the staff know how to use these technologies.
- An inventory of the telecom services, hardware, software, and other services that will be needed to provide library services.
- A sufficient budget and lifecycle process to acquire and maintain hardware, software, professional development, and other services.
- An evaluation process that enables the library to monitor progress towards specific goals and make mid-course corrections in response to new developments and opportunities as they arise.
- https://www.usac.org/wp-content/uploads/e-rate/documents/Tools/USAC-SL-Technology-Planning.pdf

Example Vision Statements

- "Our vision is to empower our community by providing access to innovative technology and resources that support lifelong learning, creativity, and connection."
- "Our library's technology vision is to create a dynamic, inclusive and user-focused digital environment where everyone has access to the information and resources they need to succeed in the 21st century."
- "Our goal is to be at the forefront of technology by offering a seamless and intuitive experience for our patrons, enabling them to discover, create, and share knowledge in ways that enhance their lives and communities."

Goals and Objectives

- Goals are defined by the following characteristics:
 - they emerge because of what you know about your particular community
 - are intentions that are directed toward particular clientele or particular topics,
 - are more specific than the vision statement
 - are different from objectives in that they are not connected to a timeline.
- Objectives are defined by the following characteristics:
 - are measurable, precise timetables for action
 - can be crossed off when finished
 - state who will do what and when
 - can be assigned to specific staff members or departments.
 - stem directly from the goals; there may be multiple objectives for each goal.

https://www.webjunction.org/documents/webjunction/Writing_Goals_and_Objectives_for_a_Technology_Plan.html

Goal and Objective Examples

- Explore STEAM / STEM / Makerspace activities, programming, and necessary equipment / kits / components
 - Purchase a Toybox 3D printer and iPad for printer app in 2023
 - Attend SWKLS workshops related to STEAM / STEM / Makerspace
 - Create a survey for patrons to gauge interest in these areas (before Summer Reading)
- Expand and enhance staff and patron access to electronic information resources
 - Purchase a microfilm reader to replace the current model which is 15 years old and does not have printing capability. Estimated purchase date mid-2024
 - Add two iPads for patron use during FY2024
 - Increase Internet bandwidth as needed based on computer and wireless usage. (based on e-rate cycle)

Professional Development

- Online resources
- SWKLS
 - Workshops
 - Specific Tech Topic Videos
 - In person / ad hoc training
- State Library
 - Niche Academy: https://my.nicheacademy.com/kansaslibrarians

Inventory

- Windows computers and servers maintained by SWKLS I.T.
 - https://forms.swkls.org/inventory/index.php
 - Only accessible at library
- Other devices are not tracked my SWKLS
 - Tablets
 - Peripherals (printers, projectors, microfilm readers, etc.)
 - Smart Displays (TVs, Smartboards, etc.)
- Connectivity !!!
- Think about the big-ticket items
 - Multifunction Printers
 - Servers
 - Microfilm Readers

Budget and Lifecycle Management

- Have a line item for technology
 - Staff and Patron Computers
 - Software (Office, Quickbooks, etc.)
 - Other devices (peripherals, TVs, projectors, etc)
- Do you budget for the full cost of your Internet?
- Do you have a line item for staff development / training?
- What is your replacement plan for computers?
 - Lifecycle (3-5 years for Desktop or Laptop, 5-7 for server)
 - Number of computers divided by five = # to replace per year
 - Check SWKLS Technology policies to be sure you are in compliance
- Other devices
 - iPads, tablets
 - printers

Purchasing / Inventory Notes

- Increases or decreases to computer and iPad counts may affect SWKLS licensing for various software and services
 - Staff computers: Antivirus, backup storage in AWS
 - Patron computers: Deep Freeze, CIPA Filter
 - Tablets (iPads): MDM (Hexnode)
- Network related gear (routers, switches, wireless APs)
 - Evaluated at the beginning of every year by SWKLS prior to E-rate filing date
 - While these items are eligible for e-rate, they may not receive bids!

Evaluation

- Needs-based Assessments
- Usage Tracking (sign-up sheets, software, etc.)
- Surveys
- Conversations with staff and patrons
- Partnership conversations

Other Related Policies

- Internet Use Policy (CIPA / KS-CIPA, every three (3) years)
- Internet Safety Policy
- Permissions and Consequences Agreement
- Wireless Internet Policy
- Library owned Laptop / Tablet Use or Lending Policy
- Security Camera System Policy
- Computer Use Policy
- Equipment Use Policy

- https://www.webjunction.org/explore-topics/tech-planning.html
- https://www.usac.org/wp-content/uploads/e-rate/documents/Tools/USAC-SL-Technology-Planning.pdf
- https://www.techsoup.org/community/events-webinars/introduction-to-technology-planning-for-nonprofits-2016-10-26
- https://wiki.swkls.org/index.php?title=Category:Technology_Planning
- https://kslib.info/427/Kansas-Childrens-Internet-Protection-Act